

Összegzés

$$f : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}, [m..n] \subset \mathbb{Z}$$

$$A = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} (\times \mathbb{Z})$$

$$B = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$$

$$Q = (m = m' \wedge n = n' \wedge m \leq n + 1)$$

$$R = (Q \wedge s = \sum_{i=m}^n f(i))$$

$k, s := m - 1, 0$	
$k \neq n$	
$s := s + f(k + 1)$	$k := k + 1$

Számlálás

$$\beta : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}, [m..n] \subset \mathbb{Z}$$

$$A = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{N}_0 (\times \mathbb{Z})$$

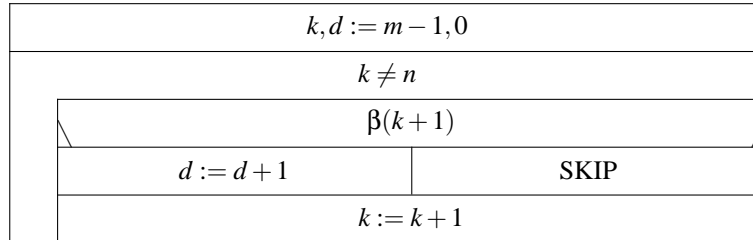
$m \quad n \quad d \quad k$

$$B = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$$

$m' \quad n'$

$$Q = (m = m' \wedge n = n' \wedge m \leq n + 1)$$

$$R = (Q \wedge d = \sum_{i=m}^n \chi(\beta(i)))$$



Maximumkeresés

\mathcal{H} rendezett halmaz és $f : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}, [m..n] \subset \mathbb{Z}$

$$A = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathcal{H} \quad (\times \mathbb{Z})$$

$$B = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$$

$$Q = (m = m' \wedge n = n' \wedge m \leq n)$$

$$R = (Q \wedge i \in [m..n] \wedge max = f(i) \wedge \forall j \in [m..n] : f(j) \leq f(i))$$

$i, k, max := m, m, f(m)$	
$k \neq n$	
$f(k+1) \geq max$	$f(k+1) \leq max$
$i, max := k+1, f(k+1)$	SKIP
$k := k+1$	

Feltételes maximumkeresés

\mathcal{H} rendezett halmaz és $f : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}$, $\beta : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}$, $[m..n] \subset \mathbb{Z}$

$$A = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathcal{H} \times \mathbb{L} (\times \mathbb{Z})$$

$$B = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$$

$$Q = (m = m' \wedge n = n' \wedge m \leq n + 1)$$

$$R = (Q \wedge l = (\exists i \in [m..n] : \beta(i)) \wedge l \rightarrow (i \in [m..n] \wedge \beta(i) \wedge \text{max} = f(i) \wedge \forall j \in [m..n] : \beta(j) \rightarrow (f(j) \leq f(i))))$$

$k, l := m - 1, \text{hamis}$			
$k \neq n$			
$\neg \beta(k+1)$	$\beta(k+1) \wedge \neg l$	$\beta(k+1) \wedge l$	
SKIP	$l, i, \text{max} := \text{igaz}, k+1, f(k+1)$	$f(k+1) \geq \text{max}$	$f(k+1) \leq \text{max}$
		$i, \text{max} := k+1, f(k+1)$	SKIP
$k := k+1$			

Lineáris keresés 1.0

$$\beta : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}$$

$$A = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$$

$$B = \mathbb{Z}$$

$$Q = (m = m' \wedge \exists j \geq m : \beta(j))$$

$$R = (Q \wedge i \geq m \wedge \beta(i) \wedge \forall j \in [m..i-1] : \neg\beta(j))$$

$i := m$
$\neg\beta(i)$
$i := i + 1$

Lineáris keresés 2.0

$$A = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} (\times \mathbb{L})$$

$i, l := m - 1, \text{hamis}$
$\neg l$
$l := \beta(i + 1)$
$i := i + 1$

Lineáris keresés 3.0: $\beta = \gamma \vee \delta$

$$A = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{L} (\times \mathbb{L})$$

$$Q = (m = m' \wedge \exists j \geq m : \beta(j))$$

$$R = (Q \wedge u = (\exists j \geq m : \gamma(j) \wedge \forall k \in [m..j-1] : \neg\delta(k)) \wedge u \rightarrow (i \geq m \wedge \gamma(i) \wedge \forall j \in [m..i-1] : \neg\beta(j)))$$

$i, u, v := m - 1, \text{hamis}, \text{hamis}$
$\neg u \wedge \neg v$
$u, v := \gamma(i + 1), \delta(i + 1)$
$i := i + 1$

Lineáris keresés 2.8: $\delta = \text{nem értük el } n\text{-et}$

$$A = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{L}$$

$$B = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$$

$$Q = (m = m' \wedge n = n' \wedge m \leq n + 1)$$

$$R = (Q \wedge l = (\exists j \in [m..n] : \beta(j)) \wedge l \rightarrow (i \in [m..n] \wedge \beta(i) \wedge \forall j \in [m..i-1] : \neg\beta(j)))$$

$i, l := m - 1, \text{hamis}$
$\neg l \wedge i \neq n$
$l := \beta(i + 1)$
$i := i + 1$

Logaritmus keresés: \mathcal{H} halmazon van egy rendezési reláció és $f : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}$ monoton növekedő, $[m..n] \subset \mathbb{Z}$.

$$A = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathcal{H} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{L} \times (\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z})$$

$\begin{matrix} m & n & h & i & l & u & v \end{matrix}$

$$B = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathcal{H}$$

$\begin{matrix} m' & n' & h' \end{matrix}$

$$Q = (m = m' \wedge n = n' \wedge h = h')$$

$$R = (Q \wedge l = (\exists j \in [m..n] : f(j) = h) \wedge l \rightarrow (i \in [m..n] \wedge f(i) = h))$$

$u, v, l := m, n, \text{hamis}$		
$\neg l \wedge u \leq v$		
$i := \lceil (u+v)/2 \rceil$		
$f(i) < h$	$f(i) = h$	$f(i) > h$
$u := i + 1$	$l := \text{igaz}$	$v := i - 1$